Four Aspects of Emergency Preparedness

This is what emergency preparedness is all about: preparing for, responding to, recovering from, and mitigating and preventing emergency situations. Emergencies can be met and handled. Whether an emergency involves your family or your entire community, on highways or waterways, in your home or outdoors, you can bring your Scouting skills and knowledge to the situation and help. Re-create this chart to help you complete requirement 2.

Emergency Situation	Prepare	Respond	Recover	Mitigate and Prevent
Fire in the home	necessia Timo			
Tornado				seen minths
Car accident				Tins English

For more
information about
emergency kits,
see the Ready.gov
or American Red
Cross entries in
the resources
section of
this pamphlet.

Emergency Packs and Kits

The following emergency kits will provide you with items that will make your life easier in the event of an emergency. Also, by assembling and maintaining such kits, you are thinking ahead about how to deal with possible emergencies before they develop.

According to Ready.gov, a campaign from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, "When preparing for a possible emergency situation, it's best to think first about the basics of survival: fresh water, food, clean air, and warmth."

Family Emergency Kit

If you have received a warning that requires you and your family to evacuate your home, you may have little time to throw together a few items or dash to a well-stocked emergency shelter. It would be better to have a box or suitcase of emergency supplies and water on hand to meet your family's needs for a few days or, better, for a week. These items come in handy in an emergency even if you do not have to evacuate. Some families keep their supplies in a basement shelter area or in a storm cellar, if they have one.

Include the following items:	
☐ Minimum of three-day supply of water (1 gallon per person per day) stored in sealed, unbreakable containers such as plastic jugs	
☐ Nonperishable foods (including pet food) and a nonelectric can opener (be sure to check expiration dates)	
☐ Eating utensils	
☐ Any special foods or other important items for babies, elderly people, or family members such as extra eyeglasses, prescription medications (if practical), portable devices, and battery chargers	
☐ Family first-aid kit	0
☐ Battery- or crank-powered radio	
☐ Flashlight or lantern or chemical light sticks	
☐ Extra batteries (stored separately and rotated regularly with fresh ones)	
☐ Matches in waterproof container and fire starting kit	
☐ Blankets or a sleeping bag for each family member	14/2
☐ Extra clothing appropriate for the season	It's a good
☐ Dust masks for air filtering	idea to keep
☐ Soap, wipes, or antibacterial gel for hand sanitation	prescription
☐ Toilet paper	medications
☐ Emergency toilet, if needed (Use a garbage container, bucket, or	handy so that
similar watertight container lined with plastic bags. Tie the bags near the top so as to allow for gas build-up. Throw sawdust, cat	they can be found
litter, sand, or dirt into the bag after each use to help contain	and taken in a
odors and dry the waste.)	moment's notice.
☐ Copies of important family documents (such as identification, copies of insurance policies, prescriptions list, and emergency contact list with phone numbers and email addresses) kept in a waterproof container	
☐ Whistle to signal for help	
Local maps (for navigating to shelters; be sure to obtain a local map when you are visiting another area)	
☐ Cash and coins	
☐ Books, games, and other personal comfort items	
☐ Sunscreen and insect repellant	







Major Disaster Preparedness Items

The following items are helpful during an emergency or if you are safe staying in your home and an evacuation has not been ordered.

Be sure to store

any emergency
items in a place
free from
moisture, frost,
or too much heat.

Dist of emergency
contact person

Fire extinguish
½-inch rope, co
able wrench for
Simple chart sh
ing the main ele
one level

Portable fire esc
one level

Portable stove v
from garage or

☐ List of emergency telephone numbers and out-of-town contact person in case local lines are busy

☐ Fire extinguisher (preferably a multipurpose one)

☐ Tool kit (ax, shovel, broom, screwdriver, pliers, hammer, coil of ½-inch rope, coil of baling wire, duct tape, razor blades, adjustable wrench for turning off gas or water)

☐ Simple chart showing where shutoff valves are located, including the main electrical switch

☐ Portable fire escape ladder for homes or buildings of more than one level

☐ Portable stove with appropraite fuel (used outdoors away from garage or carport to avoid the danger of carbon monoxide poisoning)

☐ Gloves and rags

☐ Covered containers (that can be tightly sealed) for storing refuse

☐ Garden hose kept near an outside faucet at all times

During any type of emergency, it is always a good idea to carry a mobile phone if you have one. Don't forget the phone charger, too.

911 may be the

needed for any

only number

emergency.

TRETARE, RESPOND, RECOVER, MITIGA	TE AND PREVENT
Personal Emergency Service Pack	The second secon
Be prepared for a mobilization call with a personal emergency	You should know
service pack. You will be ready for many emergencies if you use the following checklist as you equip your pack.	
Poncho or raincoat (with hood or rain hat)	how to use a map
☐ Change of underwear and socks	and compass or
☐ Small bag with toothbrush, toothpaste, soap, comb, needle, thread, shoelaces, and toilet paper	your GPS <i>before</i> an emergency
☐ Sleeping bag (or bedroll of two wool blankets) and waterproof ground cloth	occurs.
☐ Maps of areas where your troop is likely to serve	
☐ 50 feet of No. 5 sash cord or similar-size nylon cord	
☐ Pocket knife and ax and/or saw	
☐ Water treatment equipment	
☐ Cook kit and canteen	
□ Flashlight	
☐ Battery-powered radio	
☐ Extra batteries (stored separately)	
☐ Hard hat	
Other equipment as determined by weather conditions (winter jacket, rubber boots, gloves, etc.)	
☐ Personal first-aid kit (You can order a personal first-aid kit through your local council service center, or you can make your own. Include gauze bandages and pads, adhesive bandages, soap, antibiotic ointment for burns, and roller bandages.)	
☐ Matches in a waterproof container	
☐ Emergency ration (such as energy bar, energy gel, etc.; well-wrapped)	A STATE OF THE STA
☐ Pencil and small notebook	
☐ Bandanna	On on other
Compass and map of the area (or a GPS; be sure you have a set of fresh batteries)	
☐ Watch (unless you usually wear one)	
☐ Facial tissues	
☐ Work gloves	TO ARM
☐ Dust masks for air filtering	

☐ Boots, long-sleeved shirt, long pants, and goggles

or safety glasses